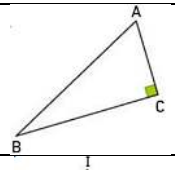
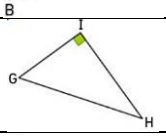
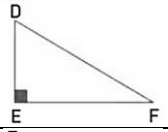
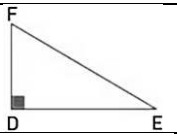
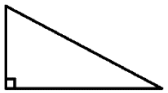
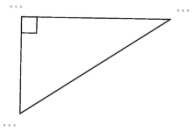
Exercices sur le théorème de Pythagore

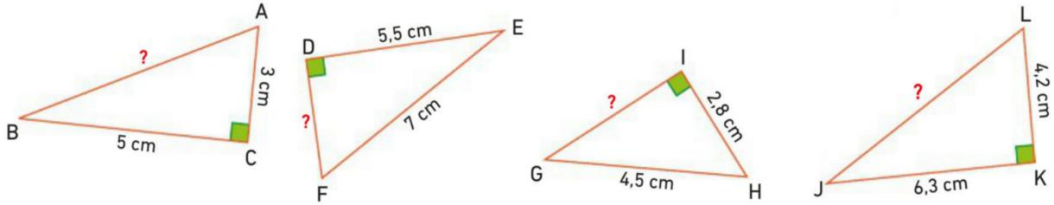
Exercice 1 : Complète.

	Hypoténuse	Egalité de Pythagore
		
		
		
		
		$EF^2 = DE^2 + DF^2$

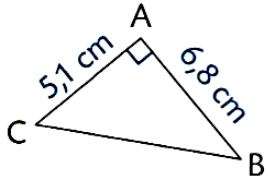
Exercice 2 : ERL est un triangle rectangle en R tel que $ER = 9\ cm$ et $RL = 12\ cm$. Complète le schéma puis calcule la longueur de son hypoténuse. Attention, il y a une rédaction spéciale à écrire !



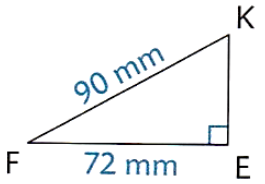
Exercice 3 : Calcule pour chaque triangle la longueur du côté entouré.



Exercice 4 : Calculer la longueur CB, en cm.

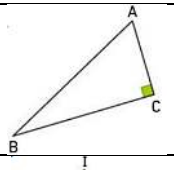
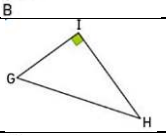
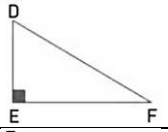
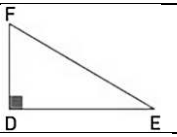
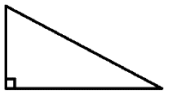


Exercice 5 : Caluler la longueur KE, en mm.

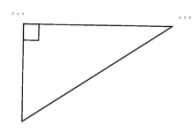


Exercices sur le théorème de Pythagore

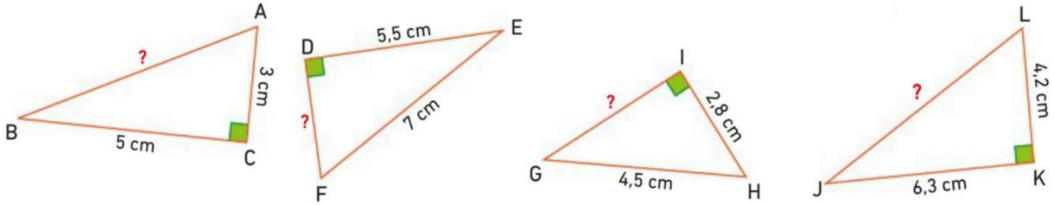
Exercice 1 : Complète.

	Hypoténuse	Egalité de Pythagore
		
		
		
		
		$EF^2 = DE^2 + DF^2$

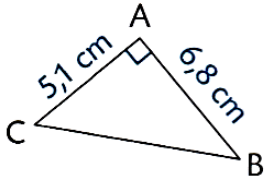
Exercice 2 : ERL est un triangle rectangle en R tel que $ER = 9\ cm$ et $RL = 12\ cm$. Complète le schéma puis calcule la longueur de son hypoténuse. Attention, il y a une rédaction spéciale à écrire !



Exercice 3 : Calcule pour chaque triangle la longueur du côté entouré.



Exercice 4 : Calculer la longueur CB, en cm.



Exercice 5 : Caluler la longueur KE, en mm.

